ٱلْبَابُ الثَّانِي عَشَرَ

رَحْمَتُهُ عَلَىٰ وَمُلَاطَفَتُهُ بِالْأَعْرَابِ وَالْجُهَّالِ وَالسَّائِلِيْنَ

CHAPTER TWELVE

THE HOLY PROPHET'S MERCY AND KINDNESS TOWARD THE BEDOUIN ARABS, THE IGNORANT AND THE BEGGARS

٠١/١٦. عَنْ أَنَسِ بْنِ مَالِكِ عِنْ قَالَ: كُنْتُ أَمْشِي مَعَ النَّبِيِّ فَ وَعَلَيْهِ بُرْدُ نَجْرَانِيُّ عَلِيْهُ أَعْرَافِيٍّ فَجَذَبَهُ جَذْبَةً شَدِيْدَةً، حَتَّى نَظَرْتُ إِلَى صَفْحَةِ عَاتِقِ عَلَيْهُ أَكْرُونُ إِلَى صَفْحَةِ عَاتِقِ النَّهِ النَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّذِي عِنْدَكَ. فَالْتَفَتَ إِلَيْهِ فَضَحِكَ ثُمَّ أَمَرُ لَهُ بِعَطَاءٍ.

مُتَّفَقُّ عَلَيْهِ.

160/1. According to Anas b. Mālik &,

"I was once walking with the Prophet and he was wearing a Najrani mantle with a thick border. A Bedouin met (on the way) who pulled his mantle so violently that I noticed the side of his shoulder affected by the friction of mantle's border because of the violent pull. The Bedouin said, 'Order for me some of Allah's wealth that is with you.' Allah's Messenger turned and looked at him smiling and ordered that some wealth be given to him."

Agreed upon.

٢/١٦١ عَنْ أَبِي رِفَاعَةَ ﴿ قَالَ: انْتَهَيْتُ إِلَى النَّبِيِّ ﴿ وَهُوَ يَخْطُبُ. قَالَ: فَقُلْتُ: ﴿ وَهُوْ كَغُطُبُ. قَالَ: فَقُلْتُ: ﴿ يَا رَسُوْلَ الله، رَجُلٌ غَرِيْبٌ جَاءَ يَسْأَلُ عَنْ دِيْنِهِ لَا يَدْرِي مَا دِيْنُهُ. قَالَ: فَأَقْبَلَ عَلِيَّ

¹⁶⁰ Set forth by •al-Bukhārī in al-Ṣaḥīḥ: Bk.: Fard al-khums [On the Obligation to Pay One Fifths [khums]], Ch.: "What the Prophet used to Give to Those Whose Hearts Were Being Reconciled, and Others," 3:1148 \$2980, and in Bh.: al-Libās [The Clothing], Ch.: "Burud, habla, and shamla," 5:2188 \$5472, and in Bk.: al-Ādab [The Manners], Ch.: "On Smiling and Laughing," 5:2260 \$5738; •Muslim in al-Ṣaḥīḥ: Bk.: al-Zakāt [The Zakat], Ch.: "On Giving to the One Who Asks with Rudeness and Coarseness," 2:730 \$1057; •Ahmad b. Hanbal in al-Musnad, 3:153, 210, 224 \$\$1257, 13217, 13363; •Ibn Hibbān in al-Ṣaḥīḥ, 14:289 \$6375; •al-Bayhaqī in Shuʿab al-Īmān, 6:350 \$8472; •al-Mundhirī in al-Targhīb wa al-Tarhīb, 3:281 \$4066.

رَسُوْلُ الله ﷺ وَتَرَكَ خُطْبَتَهُ حَتَّى انْتَهَى إِلَيَّ فَأْتِيَ بِكُرْسِيٍّ حَسِبْتُ قَوَائِمَهُ حَدِيْدًا. قَالَ: فَقَعَدَ عَلَيْهِ رَسُوْلُ اللهِ ﷺ وَجَعَلَ يُعَلِّمُنِي عِمَّا عَلَّمَهُ اللهُ. ثُمَّ أَتَى خُطْبَتَهُ فَأَتَمَّ آخِرَهَا. وَقَاهُ مُسْلِمٌ وَأَحْمَدُ وَالنَّسَائِيُّ وَالْبُخَارِيُّ فِي الْأَدَبِ.

161/2. According to Abū Rifā'a 🙇,

"I approached the Prophet as he was delivering a speech and said to him, 'O Messenger of Allah! I am a stranger coming to ask about my religion, for I do not know what my religion is.' So Allah's Messenger turned to me and stopped his speech. Then he came to me and a chair was brought near, and I think its legs were iron-made. Allah's Messenger then sat upon it and began teaching me what Allah taught him. Then he got up and finished his speech."

Reported by Muslim, Aḥmad, al-Nasā'ī and al-Bukhārī in al-Adab [al-mufrad].

٣/١٦٢ عَنْ صَفْوَانَ بْنِ عَسَّالٍ الْـمُرَادِيِّ فَ قَالَ: كُنَّا مَعَ النَّبِيِّ فِي سَفَرٍ فَبَيْنَا نَحْنُ عِنْدَهُ إِذْ نَادَاهُ أَعْرَابِيٌّ بِصَوْتٍ لَهُ جَهْوَرِيِّ: يَا مُحَمَّدُ. فَأَجَابَهُ رَسُوْلُ الله فَي نَحْوًا مِنْ صَوْتِهِ: هَاؤُمْ. فَقُلْنَا لَهُ: وَيُحَكَ اغْضُضْ مِنْ صَوْتِكَ فَإِنَّكَ عِنْدَ النَّبِيِّ فَي وَقَدْ مِنْ صَوْتِهِ: هَاؤُمْ. فَقُلْنَا لَهُ: وَيُحَكَ اغْضُضْ. قَالَ الْأَعْرَابِيُّ: اَلْـمَرْءُ يُحِبُّ الْقَوْمَ وَلَـمًا يَمْ مَنْ أَحَبُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ. يَلْحَقْ بِهِمْ. قَالَ النَّبِيُ فِي: اَلْـمَرْءُ مَعَ مَنْ أَحَبَ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ.

رَوَاهُ أَهْمَدُ وَالتِّرْمِذِيُّ وَعَبْدُ الرَّزَّاقِ وَابْنُ حِبَّانَ. وَقَالَ التِّرْمِذِيُّ: هَذَا

The Friday Prayer], Ch.: "The Hadith about Teaching During the Sermon," 2:597 \$876; •Aḥmad b. Ḥanbal in al-Musnad, 5:80 \$20772; •al-Nasā'ī in al-Sunan: Bk.: al-Zīna [The Adornment], Ch.: "Sitting on a Chair," 8:220 \$5377, and in •al-Sunan al-Kubrā, 5:510 \$9826; •al-Bukhārī in al-Adab al-Mufrad, 399 \$1163; •Ibn Khuzayma in al-Ṣahīh, 3:151 \$1800; •al-Ṭabarānī in al-Muʿjam al-Kabīr, 2:59 \$1284; •al-Quḍāʿī in Musnad al-Shihāb, 2:179 \$1138; •al-Bayhaqī in al-Sunan al-Kubrā, 3:218 \$5608.

حَلِيْثٌ حَسَنٌ صَحِيْحٌ.

162/3. According to Ṣafwān b. ʿAssāl al-Murādī 🙇,

"We were once with the Prophet on a journey, when, suddenly, a Bedouin called out to him with a loud voice, 'O Muhammad!' Allah's Messenger responded just as loud, 'Here I am.' We said to the Bedouin, 'Woe to you! Lower your voice, for you are in the presence of the Prophet and have been forbidden from raising your voice.' The Bedouin said, 'By Allah, I shall not lower my voice!' Then he said, 'A person loves a folk yet he has not caught up with them (within this world).' The Prophet said, 'On the Day of Rising a person shall be with the one whom he loves."

Reported by Aḥmad, al-Tirmidhī, 'Abd al-Razzāq and Ibn Ḥibbān. According to al-Tirmidhī, "This is a fine authentic tradition."

١٦٣ /٤. عَنْ أَنَسِ بْنِ مَالِكٍ فَى قَالَ: أَصَابَتِ النَّاسَ سَنَةٌ عَلَى عَهْدِ رَسُوْلِ الله فَيْ فَيَنَا رَسُوْلُ الله فَي خُطُبُ عَلَى الْمِنْبَرِ يَوْمَ الجُّمُعَةِ، قَامَ أَعْرَابِيٌّ فَقَالَ: يَا رَسُوْلَ الله فَي يَدَيْهِ هَلَكَ الْمَالُ وَجَاعَ الْعِيَالُ. فَادْعُ الله لَنَا أَنْ يَسْقِينَا. قَالَ: فَرَفَعَ رَسُوْلُ الله فَي يَدَيْهِ وَمَا فِي السَّمَاءِ قَزَعَةٌ. قَالَ: فَثَارَ سَحَابٌ أَمْثَالُ الجِبَالِ ثُمَّ لَمْ يَنْزِلْ عَنْ مِنْبَرِهِ حَتَّى رَأَيْتُ الْمَطَرُ يَتَحَادَرُ عَلَى لِحْيَتِهِ. قَالَ: فَمُطِرْنَا يَوْمَنَا ذَلِكَ وَفِي الْغَدِ وَمِنْ بَعْدِ الْغَدِ وَالَّذِي الله عَلَى الله الله عَلَى الله

¹⁶² Set forth by •Aḥmad b. Ḥanbal in al-Musnad, 4:240 \$18120; •al-Tirmidhī in al-Sunan: Bk.: al-Daʿawāt [The Supplications], Ch.: "The Virtue of Repentance and Seeking Forgiveness," 5:546 \$3535; •ʿAbd al-Razzāq in al-Muṣannaf, 1:205 \$206; •Ibn Ḥibbān in al-Ṣaḥīḥ, 2:322 \$562; •al-Ṭayālisī in al-Musnad, 1:160 \$1167; •al-Ṭabarānī in al-Mu'jam al-Kabīr, 8:61 \$7366; •al-Maqdisī in al-Aḥādīth al-Mukhtāra, 8:33–34 \$26; •al-Haythamī in Mawārid al-Zamʾān, 1:73 \$186.

حَتَّى صَارَتِ الْمَدِيْنَةُ فِي مِثْلِ الْجُوْبَةِ حَتَّى سَالَ الْوَادِي وَادِي قَنَاةَ شَهْرًا. قَالَ: فَلَمْ يَجِيُّ أَحَدٌ مِنْ نَاحِيَةٍ إِلَّا حَدَّثَ بِالْجُوْدِ.

مُتَّفَقُ عَلَيْهِ.

163/5. According to Anas b. Mālik 🙇,

"During the Prophetic era people suffered from a year of drought. One Friday, while Allah's Messenger was delivering the sermon, a Bedouin stood up and said, 'O Messenger of Allah! The wealth has been destroyed and families are starving. Supplicate Allah that He sends us rain.' So Allah's Messenger raised his hands upwards (for entreat)—and there was not a cloud in the sky at the time. But suddenly, (the moment he raised his hands) clouds as large as mountains gathered, and the Prophet did not descend from his pulpit until I saw rain dripping down his beard. Rain continued to fall until the Friday prayer of the next week, and the same Bedouin or another Companion stood up and said, 'O Messenger of Allah! The houses have been destroyed and wealth has been drowned (due to torrential raining).' Supplicate Allah for us (so that it stops raining).' So he prayed with his hands

¹⁶³ Set forth by •al-Bukhārī in al-Ṣaḥīḥ: Bk.: al-Istisqā' [The Prayer for Rain], Ch.: "Concerning the One Who Recieves Rain until it Soaks His Beard," 1:349 §986, and in Bk.: al-Manāqib [The Exemplary Traits], Ch.: "The Signs of Prophethood in Islam," 3:1313 §3389, and in Bk.: al-Ādab [The Manners], Ch.: "On Smiling and Laughing," 5:2261 \$5742, and in Bk.: al-Da'awāt [The Supplications], Ch.: "Supplicating away from the Direction of the Qibla," 5:2335 \$5982; • Muslim in al-Ṣaḥīḥ: Bk.: Ṣalāt al-istisqā' [The Prayer for Rain], Ch.: "The Supplication Said While Praying for Rain," 2:614 \$897; •Ahmad b. Ḥanbal in al-Musnad, 3:104 §12038; •Abū Dāwūd in al-Sunan: Bk.: Ṣalāt al-istisqa, [The Prayer for Rain], Ch.: "Raising the Hands During the Prayer for Rain," 1:304 §1174; •al-Nasā'ī in al-Sunan: Bk.: al-Istisgā' [The Prayer for Rain], Ch.: "How [the Hands] are Raised," 3:159-166 \$\$\$ 1515, 1517, 1527-1528; •Ibn Mājah in al-Sunan: Bk.: Iqāmat al-salāt wa al-sunna fīhā [On the Establishment of the Prayer and the Sunna Therein], Ch.: "What has been Narrated Concerning the Supplication Said during the Prayer for Rain," 1:404 \$1269; •Ibn Khuzayma in al-Ṣaḥīḥ, 3:272 \$992; •Abd al-Razzāq in al-Muṣannaf, 3:92 §4911; •Ibn Jārūd in al-Muntaqā, 1:75 §257; •al-Bayhaqī in al-Sunan al-Kubrā, 3:221 §563.

raised heavenwards: 'O Allah! Shower rain around us and not on us.' In whatever direction in the sky he would point to the clouds were rent asunder till Medina became like a pit in which (there were clouds all around but the sky over Medina was clear and) the drain continued flowing for a month. No one came from any outlying area save that he spoke of the bountiful [growth of crops]."

Agreed upon.

رَوَاهُ أَحْمَدُ مُحْتَصَرًا وَأَبُوْ دَاوُدَ وَالنَّسَائِيُّ وَاللَّفْظُ لَهُ.

164/6. According to Abū Hurayra &,

"We used to sit in the Mosque with Allah's Messenger . When he stood up, we would also stand up. One day, he stood up and we

¹⁶⁴ Set forth by •Aḥmad b. Ḥanbal in al-Musnad, 2:288 §7856; •Abū Dāwūd in al-Sunan: Bk.: al-Ādab [The Manners], Ch.: "On the Forbearance and Good Character of the Prophet ," 4:247 §4775; •al-Nasā'ī in al-Sunan: Bk.: al-Qasāma [The Portioning], Ch.: "al-Qaud min al-Jabdha," 8:33 §4776, and in •al-Sunan al-Kubrā, 4:227 §6978; •al-Bayhaqī in Shuʿab al-Īmān, 6:350 §8473.

stood up with him. When he reached the middle of the Mosque, there appeared a man who pulled him from behind with his outer cloak, which was of coarse material. As a result, the Prophet's neck turned red. The man said, 'O Muhammad! Load some (grain) onto my two camels, for you do not give me from your wealth or the wealth of your father.' Allah's Messenger & said, 'No. I seek Allah's forgiveness. I will not load any grain for you until you make amends for having tugged me.' The Bedouin said, 'By Allah, I will not make amends!' Allah's Messenger & repeated this three times, but each time the Bedouin would say, 'By Allah, I will not make amends.' When we heard the Bedouin saying this, we rushed to him. Then Allah's Messenger & turned to us and said, 'I have decided that no one who hears my words shall move until I grant him permission to do so.' Then Allah's Messenger & said to a man among the group, 'O so-and-so! Load some barley on one of his camels and some dates on the other.' Then Allah's Messenger & said, 'Depart.'"

Reported by Aḥmad in brief, Abū Dāwūd and al-Nasā'ī (with the quoted words).